



OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING USING C++(CS305PC)

COURSE PLANNER

I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

- To understand how C++ improves C with object-oriented features.
- To learn how to write inline functions for efficiency and performance.
- To learn the syntax and semantics of the C++ programming language.
- To learn how to design C++ classes for code reuse.
- To learn how to implement copy constructors and class member functions.
- To understand the concept of data abstraction and encapsulation.
- To learn how to overload functions and operators in C++.
- To learn how inheritance and virtual functions implement dynamic binding with polymorphism.
- To learn how to use exception handling in C++ programs.

II. PRE-REQUISITES:

A course on “Programming for Problem Solving using C”.

III. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Introduces Object Oriented Programming concepts using the C++ language.
- Introduces the principles of data abstraction, inheritance and polymorphism
- Introduces the principles of virtual functions and polymorphism
- Introduces handling formatted I/O and unformatted I/O
- Introduces exception handling

IV. COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Able to develop programs with reusability.
- Develop programs for file handling.
- Handle exceptions in programming.
- Develop applications for a range of problems using object-oriented programming techniques.

V. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Program Outcomes (PO)		Level	Proficiency assessed by
PO1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems related to Computer Science and Engineering.	2.5	Mini Projects
PO2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems	1.	Lectures, Assignments, Exams



Program Outcomes (PO)		Level	Proficiency assessed by
	related to Computer Science and Engineering and reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		
PO3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems related to Computer Science and Engineering and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	2.5	Mini Projects
PO4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	2.5	--
PO5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	2	--
PO6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the Computer Science and Engineering professional engineering practice.	-	--
PO7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the Computer Science and Engineering professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	-	Lectures, Assignments, Exams
PO8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.	-	
PO9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	-	Mini Projects
PO10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation,	-	--



Program Outcomes (PO)		Level	Proficiency assessed by
	make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.		
PO11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.		Lectures, Assignments, Exams
PO12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.		Lectures, Assignments, Exams

VI. PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Program Specific Outcomes (PSO)		Level	Proficiency assessed by
O1	Foundation of mathematical concepts: To use mathematical methodologies to crack problem using suitable mathematical analysis, data structure and suitable algorithm.	-	Mini Project
PSO2	Foundation of Computer System: The ability to interpret the fundamental concepts and methodology of computer systems. Students can understand the functionality of hardware and software aspects of computer systems.	2	Lectures, Assignments, Exams
PSO3	Foundations of Software development: The ability to grasp the software development lifecycle and methodologies of software systems. Possess competent skills and knowledge of software design process. Familiarity and practical proficiency with a broad area of programming concepts and provide new ideas and innovations towards research.	2	Mini Project



VII. COURSE CONTENT:

UNIT - I

Object-Oriented Thinking: Different paradigms for problem solving, need for OOP paradigm, differences between OOP and Procedure oriented programming, Overview of OOP concepts Abstraction, Encapsulation, Inheritance and Polymorphism.

C++ Basics: Structure of a C++ program, Data types, Declaration of variables, Expressions, Operators, Operator Precedence, Evaluation of expressions, Type conversions, Pointers, Arrays, Pointers and Arrays, Strings, Structures, References. Flow control statement- if, switch, while, for, do, break, continue, goto statements. Functions - Scope of variables, Parameter passing, Default arguments, inline functions, Recursive functions, Pointers to functions. Dynamic memory allocation and de-allocation operators-new and delete, Preprocessor directives.

UNIT - II

C++ Classes and Data Abstraction: Class definition, Class structure, Class objects, Class scope, this pointer, Friends to a class, Static class members, Constant member functions, Constructors and

Destructors, Dynamic creation and destruction of objects, Data abstraction, ADT and information hiding.

UNIT - III

Inheritance: Defining a class hierarchy, Different forms of inheritance, Defining the Base and Derived classes, Access to the base class members, Base and Derived class construction, Destructors, Virtual base class.

Virtual Functions and Polymorphism: Static and Dynamic binding, virtual functions, Dynamic binding through virtual functions, Virtual function call mechanism, Pure virtual functions, Abstract classes, Implications of polymorphic use of classes, Virtual destructors.

UNIT - IV

C++ I/O: I/O using C functions, Stream classes hierarchy, Stream I/O, File streams and String streams, Overloading operators, Error handling during file operations, Formatted I/O.

UNIT - V

Exception Handling: Benefits of exception handling, Throwing an exception, The try block, Catching an exception, Exception objects, Exception specifications, Stack unwinding, Rethrowing an exception, Catching all exceptions.

VIII. LESSON PLAN:

S. N O	WEEK	TOPICS	Link for PPT	Link for PDF	Course Learning Outcomes	Teaching methodolo gies	REFERE NCES	
UNIT-1								
1	I	Introduction to object oriented programming	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-	Understand : object oriented programming	Chalk and board, PPT presentation	T1	



			AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing			
2		Different paradigm for problem solving ,need for oops paradigm	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: problem solving need	T1
3		Difference between oops and procedure oriented programming	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Define: oops and procedure oriented program	T1
4		Overview of oops concepts- encapsulation,abstraction,inheritance ,polymorphism	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: oops concepts	T1
5	2	Introduction to c++,structure of c++ program	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: c++ structure	T1



6		Data types, Declaration of variables,	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Define: Components and Categories	T1
7		Expressions , Operators, Operator Precedence	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Expression, operators	T1
8		Evaluation of expressions, Type conversions	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Evaluate: expressions and type conversion	T1
9	3	Pointers, Arrays, Pointers and Arrays	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Pointers, Arrays, Pointers	T1
10		Strings, Structures,	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/	Understand: String	T1



		References	k-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	,Structures, references	
11		Flow control statement- if, switch, while, for, do, break, continue, goto statements	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: flow control statements	T1
12		Functions - Scope of variables, Parameter passing, Default arguments, inline functions	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: ISDN Physical layer: Transmission modes	T1
13	4	Recursive functions, Pointers to functions.	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: functions	T1
14		Pointers to functions.	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Pointer to functions	T1



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15		Dynamic memory allocation and de-allocation operators- new and delete.	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Dynamic memory allocation and deallocation	T1
16		Preprocessor directives	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Preprocessor directives	T1
17	5	REVISION	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing		T1
18		MOCK TEST-1	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing		T1



19		<i>Tutorial/brief class #1</i>	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing		

UNIT-2

20	5	C++ Classes and Data Abstraction-Introduction	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Classes and data Abstraction		T1
21	6	Class definition, Class structure, Class objects	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Class,objects	Chalk and board, PPT presentation	T1
22		Class scope, this pointer	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Class scope, this pointer		T1



23		Friends to a class	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Define: Friends to class	T1
24		Static class members,	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Static class members	T1
25		Constant member functions	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Constant member functions	T1
26	7	Constructors	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: constructors	T1
27		Destructors	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-	Understand: destructors	T1



			ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing		
28		Dynamic creation and destruction of objects	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Dynamic creation and destruction of objects	T1
29		Data abstraction	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Data abstraction	T1
30	8	ADT and information hiding	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Information hiding	T1
31		Example Programs	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Apply:concepts in writing program.	T1



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32		<i>Tutorial/bridge class #2</i>	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing			T1

UNIT-3

		Inheritance: Defining a class hierarchy	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: inheritance	T1
33	9	Different forms of inheritance, Defining the Base and Derived classes	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Different types of inheritance	Chalk and board, PPT presentatio n
34		Access to the base class members,	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Access to the base class	T1



			p=sharing			
36		Base and Derived class construction	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Base and derived class	T1
37		Virtual base class.	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Virtual base class	T1
38	10	Static and Dynamic binding,	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Static and Dynamic binding	T1
39		virtual functions, Dynamic binding through virtual functions	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Virtual functions	T1



40		Virtual function call mechanism, Pure virtual functions,	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe Pure virtual functions	T1
41	1	classes, Implications of polymorphic use of classes	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: implications of polymorphic use of classes	T1
42		<i>Tutorial/bridge class #3</i>				T1

UNIT-4

43	1	C++ I/O: I/O using C functions	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: I/O using c functions	Chalk and board, PPT presentation	T1
44	1	Stream classes hierarchy	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: stream class hierarchy		T1



45		Stream I/O, File streams	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Stream I/O File streams	T1
46	1	String streams	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understan d: String streams	T1
47	2	Overloading operators	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understan d: overloadin g operators	T1
48		Error handling during file operations	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Error handling	T1
49	1 3	Formatted I/O.	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-	Describe: formatted I/O	T1



			ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing			
50		Example Programs	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Apply: writing programs	T1	
51		<i>Tutorial/brief class #4</i>	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing			
52		<i>Tutorial/brief class #5</i>	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing			

UNIT-5

	1 4	Exception Handling: Introduction	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Exception handling	Chalk and board, PPT presentation	T1
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54		Benefits of exception handling	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Discuss: Benefits of exception handling	T1
55		Throwing an exception	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Describe: Throwing an exception	T1
56		The try block	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Explain: try block	T1
57	1 5	MOCK TEST-2	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	MOCK TEST-2	T1



58		Catching an exception	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand : catching an exception	T1
59		Exception objects	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand : Exception objects	T1
60		Exception specifications	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand : Exception specifications	T1
61	16	Stack unwinding	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Define : Stack unwinding	T1
62		Rethrowing an	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/	Understand :Rethrowin	T1



		exception	k-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	g an exception	
63		Catching all exceptions.	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	Understand: Catching all exceptions	T1
64		<i>Tutorial/bridge class #6</i>	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rwk-81oetBh-ifLu26S6h55-AtX6ud2i?usp=sharing		

II MID EXAMINATIONS (WEEK 17)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. The Complete Reference C++, 4th Edition, Herbert Schildt, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Problem solving with C++: The Object of Programming, 4th Edition, Walter Savitch, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. The C++ Programming Language, 3rd Edition, B. Stroutstrup, Pearson Education.
2. OOP in C++, 3rd Edition, T. Gaddis, J. Walters and G. Muganda, Wiley Dream Tech Press.
3. Object Oriented Programming in C++, 3rd Edition, R. Lafore, Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd.



XI.MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF

PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes (PO)												Program Specific Outcomes (PSO)		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	3	3	2								-	2	2
CO2	3	1	3	3	2								-	2	2
CO3	2	1	2	2	2								-	2	2
CO4	2	1	2	2	2								-	2	2
CO5	2. 5	1	2.5	2.5	2									2	2
AVG	3	1	3	3	2								-	2	2

DESCRIPTIVE QUESTIONS

UNIT-1

Short Answer Questions

QUESTIONS	Blooms taxonomy level	Course outcomes
1. What are different object oriented Paradigm?	Knowledge	1
2. What is difference between Object oriented and project oriented programming?	Knowledge	1
3. Define abstraction,encapsulation,inheritance and polymorphism?	Knowledge	1
4. What are applications of OOPS?	Knowledge	1
5. What are different I/O operators we use in C++?	Knowledge	1
6. Why we use iostream.h and Namespace in C++?	Knowledge	1
7. What is inline function?	Knowledge	1
8. Why we use new and delete operator?	Knowledge	1

Long Answer Questions

1. Explain the different properties of object oriented programming?	Understand	1
2. Explain the structure of C++ program with an example?	Understand	1
3 Explain the conditional statements in C++ with an examples?	Understand	1



4. Explain the looping Statements in C++ with an examples?	Understand	1
5. Discuss about the parameter passing in C++?	Knowledge	1
6. Explain the use of pointers in C++?	Understand	1
7. Explain the memory allocation and de-allocation function in C++?	Understand	1

UNIT-2

Short Answer Questions

QUESTIONS	Blooms taxonomy level	Course outcomes
1. Define Class and object	Knowledge	2
2. What is a friend function?	Knowledge	2
3. What do you mean by static class?	Knowledge	2
4. What do you mean by constructor and destructor?	Knowledge	2
5. What is data abstraction?	Knowledge	2
6. What is data hiding?	Knowledge	2

Long Answer Questions

1. Explain the structure of class and object in C++ with a example?	Understand	2
2. Explain the concept of use of constructor and destructor in C++ with an example?	Understand	2
3. Explain the concept of friend function and its use in C++?	Understand	2
4. Explain the concept of Data Abstraction and information hiding?	Understand	2
5. Explain the different access specifier which we use in C++?	Understand	2

UNIT-3

Short Answer Questions

QUESTIONS	Blooms taxonomy level	Course outcome s
1. What do you mean by inheritance?	Knowledge	3
2. What are the different types of inheritance?	Knowledge	3
3. What do you mean by virtual class?	Knowledge	3
4. Discuss about static and dynamic binding?	Understand	3
5. What is virtual function?	Knowledge	3
6. What is polymorphism?	Knowledge	3
7. What is abstract class?	Knowledge	3
8. What is virtual destructor?	Knowledge	3



Long Answer Questions

1. Explain the concept of inheritance with an example?	Understand	3
2. Explain the different forms of inheritance in c++?	Understand	3
3. Explain the concept of virtual function in C++?	Understand	3
4. Explain the concept of Abstract Class in C++?	Understand	3
5. Explain operator overloading and function overloading in C++?	Understand	3
6. Explain the dynamic binding through virtual functions	Understand	3

UNIT-4

Short Answer Questions

QUESTIONS	Blooms taxonomy level	Course outcomes
1. What do you understand by stream classes?	Knowledge	4
2. State the different Unformatted input/output Operations?	Knowledge	4
3. State Formatted Console I/O Operations?	Knowledge	4
4. Why we use getline() and write() functions?	Knowledge	4
5. What is the role of iomanip file?	Knowledge	4
6. What are the different steps of file operations?	Knowledge	4
7. What do you mean bt error handling during file operations?	Knowledge	4
8. What are input and output streams for files operation?	Knowledge	4

Long Answer Questions

1.What is a file mode ?describe the various file mode options available.	Knowledge	4
2.Describe briefly the features of I/O system supported by C++.	Understand	4
3.What is the basic difference between manipulators and ios member functions in implementation? Give examples.	Understand	4
4.Explain the different sets for Stream classes for console operations?	Understand	4



5.How is cout able to display various types of data without any special instructions?	Understand	4
6.Explain the different sets of file stream classes	Understand	4

UNIT-5

Short Answer Questions

QUESTIONS	Blooms taxonomy level	Course outcomes
1. What do you mean by exception handling?	Knowledge	5
2. Describe the role of keywords try,throw and catch in exception handling?	Understand	5
3. When should a program throw an exception?	Knowledge	5
4. When do we used multiple catch handlers?	Understand	5
5. What do you mean by rethrowing an exception	Understand	5

Long Answer Questions

1. Explain mechanism of exception handling.	Understand	5
2. What is an exception specification? When is it used?	Knowledge	5
3. Explain in detail about rethrowing an exception?	Understand	5
4. What do you mean by stack unwinding?	Knowledge	5

UNIT-1

OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS:

- 1.) _____ are the basic run time entities in an object-oriented system.
A) Class b) **object** c) data d) none
- 2.) The wrapping up of data and function into a single unit (called class) is known as
a) Data hiding b) **encapsulation** c) insulation d) information
- 3.) _____ is the process by which objects of one class acquired the properties of objects of another classes.
a) **Inheritance** b) classification c) reusability d) all the above
- 4.) The process of making an operator to exhibit different behaviors in different instances is known as _____
a) information hiding b) function overloading c) **operator overloading** d) none
- 5.) _____ is the namespace where ANSI C++ standard class libraries are defined.
a) keyword b) **std** c) keyword d) directives e) none



Fill in the blanks:

- 6) _____ means that the code associated with a given procedure is not known until the time of the run time.
- 7) _____ involves specifying the name of the object, the name of the function and the information to be sent.
- 8) An _____ function is expanded in the line where it is invoked.

- 9) The variables declared within the body of the block are called _____ and can be used only within the block.
- 10) _____ means one name, multiple forms. It allows us to have more than one function with the same name in a program.

UNIT-2

OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS:

- 1) _____ (having the same name as that of the class) is a member function which is automatically used to initialize the objects of the class type with legal initial values
 - a) **Constructor** b) destructor c) virtual function d) none
- 2) The operator::known as _____
 - a) **Access specifier** b) scope resolution c) new d) none
- 3) refers to putting together essential features without including background details
 - a) Information hiding b) **Data Abstraction** c) Dynamic binding d) None
- 4) The data declared under _____ section are hidden and safe from accidental manipulation.
 - a) Public b) Protected c) **Private** d) none
- 5) It is of the form classname (classname &) and used for the initialization of an object from another object of same type
 - a) **Copy constructor** b) initialization c) overloaded constructor d)none

Fill in the blanks:

- 6) _____ type (not even void) cannot be specified for constructors.
- 7) An object of a class with a constructor cannot be used as a member of a_____
- 8) The make implicit calls to the memory allocation and deallocation operators _____ and _____ are used
- 9) _____ is implemented as functions and can be member functions or global functions.
- 10) In C++, the keywords _____, _____ and _____ are called access specifiers.

UNIT-3

OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS:

- 1) _____ is a variable which holds a memory address
 - a) Local variable c) global variable c) **pointer** 4) none
- 2) _____ is a mechanism of reusing and extending existing classes without modifying them
 - a) **Inheritance** b) polymorphism c) reusability d) virtual function



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- 3) _____ is a mechanism that enables same interface functions to work with the whole class hierarchy
a) Inheritance b) **polymorphism** c) reusability d) virtual function
- 4) _____ also called late binding
a) Static binding b) **dynamic binding** c) virtual function d)none
- 5) _____ is automatically passed to a member function when it is called.
a)**This pointer** b) friend function c) virtual function d)none

Fill in the blanks:

- 6) _____ inheritance derive from a single class.
- 7) Polymorphism mechanism is supported in C++ by the use of _____.
- 8) _____ operator is used to deallocate memory
- 9) _____ is also called early binding.
- 10) Two types of polymorphism are _____ and _____

UNIT-4

Fill in the blanks:

- 1) A _____ is a sequence of bytes and serves as a source or destination for an I/O data.
- 2) The _____ operator is overloaded in the istream class as an extraction operator
- 3) The classes istream and ostream define two member functions _____ and _____
- 4) _____ for ifstream functions meaning open for reading only.
- 5) The _____ member function closes the file.

OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS:

- 6) The _____ functions shifts the associated file's input file pointer and output file pointer.
a) **seekg** () b) put() c) get() d) write()
- 7) ios::out for ofstream functions meaning _____ for writing only.
a) **open** b) close c) append() d) none
- 8) _____ Provides support for simultaneous input and output operations
a) ifstream b) ofstream c) **fstream** d) filebuf
- 9) The header file _____ provides a set of functions called manipulators which can be used to manipulate the output format
a) **iomanip** b) iostream c) fill() d) none
- 10) The class _____ (through inheritance) provides the facilities for formatted output
a) istream b) **ostream** c) fstream d) none

UNIT-5

Fill in the blanks:

- 1) The _____ block receives the exception send by the throw block in the try block.
- 2) A _____ may decide to rethrow an exception caught without processing them
- 3) Exceptions are basically of two types namely, _____ and _____
- 4) Exception handling mechanism is basically built upon three keywords _____, _____, _____
- 5) The _____ statement catches an exception whose type matches with the type of catch argument.



OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS:

- 6) Which type of program is recommended to include in try block?
 - a) static memory allocation
 - b) dynamic memory allocation
 - c) const referenced
 - d) pointer
- 7) Which statement is used to catch all types of exceptions?
 - a) **catch()**
 - b) **catch(Test t)**
 - c) **catch(...)**
 - d) none of the mentioned
- 8) What kind of exceptions are available in c++?
 - a) **handled**
 - b) unhandled
 - c) static
 - d) dynamic
- 9) Which are the two blocks that are used to check error and handle the error?
 - a) **Try and catch**
 - b) Trying and catching
 - c) Do and while
 - d) TryDo and Check
- 10) How many catch blocks can a single try block have?
 - a) Only 1
 - b) Only 2
 - c) Maximum 127
 - d) **As many as required**

WEBSITES' ADDRESSES:

- 1) https://nptel.ac.in/noc/individual_course.php?id=noc18-cs32
- 2) <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/cplusplus/>
- 3) <http://wwwcplusplus.com/forum/beginner/7199/>

EXPERT DETAILS:

- 1) Prof. Partha Pratim Das IIT Kharagpur
- 2) Prof D.B. Phatak Dept of CSE iit bombay

LIST OF TOPICS FOR STUDENTS' SEMINARS:

1. Arrays, Functions, pointers, structure.
2. Introduction to Object Oriented Programming.
3. Inheritance.
4. Exception handling.

CASE STUDIES / SMALL PROJECTS:

Implement the following programs using C++

1. C++ program to print Lucas series upto N terms
2. C++ program to find two unique numbers in an array